Safeguarding Policy

A Summary Guide for Parents and Guardians

Issued December 2017 Reviewed August 2023



Safeguarding Policy & Procedures

'We all have a legal duty to protect children from abuse or risk of abuse'

Our Commitment

Extract from 'Co-operating to Protect Children' (Children (NI) Order 1995 Volume 6)

Girls' Brigade NI is committed to providing a caring, friendly and safe environment for all of our members so that they can participate in a relaxed and secure atmosphere.

Our primary responsibility is the safeguarding of individual children/young people and adults at risk of harm and any concerns about their emotional or physical well-being must be addressed appropriately.

The Role of Parents

The full GBNI Safeguarding Policy will be available to all parents from the GB Captain and a summary guide will be distributed every year.

Parents are asked to supply section leaders with the names of all persons who have permission to collect their child from their local GB company. They are asked to inform the section leader of any changes in this routine.

Parents are asked to brief GB about arrangements following any separation or divorce. Leaders need to be aware of legal responsibilities, agreed access or exclusion and any involvement of social services. Parents are encouraged to keep the GB company informed as necessary.

Parents will be made aware that leaders may on occasions have to help change their child's clothing when administering first aid, after toilet accidents, for display/parents evening and on other such occasions. The Girls' Brigade Intimate Care Policy applies.

Categories of Abuse

- **Neglect** is the failure to provide for a persons basic needs, whether it be adequate food, clothing, hygiene, supervision or shelter that is likely to result in the serious impairment of a person's health or development. People who are neglected often also suffer from other types of abuse.
- *Emotional Abuse* is the persistent emotional maltreatment of a person. It is also sometimes called psychological abuse and it can have severe and persistent adverse effects on a person's emotional development.

- *Physical Abuse* is deliberately physically hurting a person. It might take a variety of different forms, including hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating, or otherwise causing physical harm to a person or failing to protect a person from that harm. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces illness on a person.
- **Sexual Abuse** is the actual or likely exploitation of a person to engage in sexual activities.
- **Bullying** is deliberately hurtful behaviour, usually repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for those bullied to defend themselves.
- **Exploitation** is the intentional ill-treatment, manipulation or abuse of power and control over a person; to take selfish or unfair advantage of a person or situation, for personal gain.
- **Sexual Exploitation** is a form of sexual abuse in which a person(s) exploits, coerces and/or manipulates a person into engaging in some form of sexual activity in return for something they need or desire such as attention, love, food, accommodation, money etc.
- **Domestic Violence** is threatening, controlling, coercive behaviour, violence or abuse inflected on anyone by a current or former intimate partner or family member.

Further, specific definitions of abuse and a number of examples of the resulting physical and behavioural signs, that may be indicators of abuse and exploitation, can be read in our full Safeguarding Policy available from the GB Captain.

Procedures for Dealing with Cases of Suspected or Disclosed Abuse

In line with the GBNI Safeguarding Policy, the GB company will ensure that specific procedures are followed in the event of a leader becoming concerned about the abuse of a child, young person or an adult at risk of harm. Emphasis will be placed on both early detection and swift intervention, but no leader will investigate directly and signs of possible abuse will not be considered by the GB company as proof.

Agencies that offer help and support	
Childline T: 0800 1111 (help for teenagers and children) www.childline.org.uk	NSPCC T: 0808 800 5000 (helpline for adults worried about a child) www.nspcc.org.uk
Child Exploitation & Online Protection Centre www.ceop.police.uk	NI Anti-Bullying Forum (helpful resources) www.endbullying.org.uk
Kidscape (bullying advice & child safety) www.kidscape.org.uk	

